

"The ITU Radio Regulations & Space Sustainability"

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ITU in brief



√ Founded on 17 May 1865

International Telecommunication Union Committed to Connecting the World

5 Elected Officials

- ✓ 193 Member States,>700 Sector Members, Associates& Academia
- √750 staff & >100 nationalities
- ✓Annual budget = US\$ 180,000,000

Leading United Nations agency for ICTs



4 regional offices, 8 area offices HQ in Geneva, Switzerland

http://www.itu.int

Role of ITU











international regulations

global standards & guidelines

assistance to administrations

- ✓ Rights of access to the spectrum
- ✓ Rational, Equitable, Efficient , Economical use of spectrum
- ✓ Operation free from interference
- **✓ Economies of scale**
- ✓ Interoperability and roaming
- √ Global harmonization
- Guidelines for national & regional regulations

GOOD QUALITY AND CHEAPER EQUIPMENTS

MORE FAVORABLE INVESTMENT ENVIRONMENT (CLEAR, STABLE, PREDICTABLE)

ITU Key priorities



- radio spectrum
- international standards



- digital dividend
- cybersecurity



Legal Framework

United Nations Outer Space Treaty (1967)

Outer space free for exploitation and use by all states in conformity with international regulations

States retain jurisdiction and control over objects they have launched into outer space

States shall be liable for damage caused by their space objects



Legal Framework

United Nations Outer Space Treaty (1967)

■ ITU – CS/CV of 1992 is listed under other agreements and ITU is recognized as the specialized agency responsible for telecommunication issues



Legal Framework

- United Nations Outer Space Treaty (1967)
- International Telecommunication Union

Principles of use of orbit/spectrum

Allocation of frequency bands

Procedures, Plans, operational measures

Instruments (CS, CV, RR, RoPs, Recs)

Outer Space Legal Framework



- ITU is a founding observer and active participant to the UN COPUOS and its STS and LSC
- ITU-R is regularly submitting to the STS the Annual Space Report on the use of the geostationarysatellite orbit (GSO) and other orbits: http://www.itu.int/en/ITU-R/space/snl/Pages/reportSTS.aspx
- ITU is a member of the STS Working Group on the Longterm Sustainability of Outer Space Activities and provided an input Report on the ITU Regulatory Framework for Space Services:
 - http://www.itu.int/en/ITU-R/space/snl/Documents/ITU-Space reg.pdf
- ITU is observer to the UN International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems (ICG)

ITU Constitution



Article 44

Radio frequencies & satellite orbits are limited natural resources

Rational, Efficient, Economical Use



Equitable Access



- Part of ITU Administrative Regulations and Instruments in addition to the ITU Constitution (CS) and Convention (CV), which govern the use of telecommunications
- Intergovernmental Treaty legal bindings on all Member states, governing the use of spectrum/orbit resources by administrations
- Define the *rights* and *obligations* of Member States in respect of the use of these resources
 - > Principles of use of orbit/spectrum
 - > Allocation of frequency bands and services
 - Procedures and Plans
- Updated every 3-4 years by World Radiocommunication Conference, (WRC)
- Are we obliged to apply the ITU Radio Regulations?
 - Ratification of the ITU Convention (CV) implies acceptance of the RR







OBJECTIVES:

- > to facilitate equitable access to and rational use of the natural resources of the radio-frequency spectrum and any associated orbits;
- ➤ to ensure the *availability and protection* from harmful interference of the frequencies provided for *distress and safety purposes*;
- ➤ to assist in the *prevention and resolution of cases of harmful interference* between the radio services of different administrations;
- > to facilitate the efficient and effective operation of all radiocommunication services;
- > to provide for and, where necessary, *regulate new applications* of radiocommunication technology.



Propagation of Radio waves

- Laws of physics
- Radio waves do not stop at national borders

Interference

- Possible between radio stations of different countries and/or different services
- This risk is high in Space Radiocommunications

Radio Regulations

 One of its main purposes - <u>Interference-free operation of</u> <u>Radiocommunications</u>



Radio Regulations

Procedure

- Efficient use of spectrum
- + Equitable access
- **+** Opportunity to resolve interference before operation
- +Prevents loss of investment, customers & revenue by minimizing unusable capacity due to interference



Radio Regulation Mechanisms

Control of Interference

ALLOCATION

Frequency separation of stations of different services

POWER LIMITS

PFD (prot.TERR services)
EIRP(prot. SPACE services
EPFD (prot. GSO from
N-GSO)

MONITORING

International Monitoring System

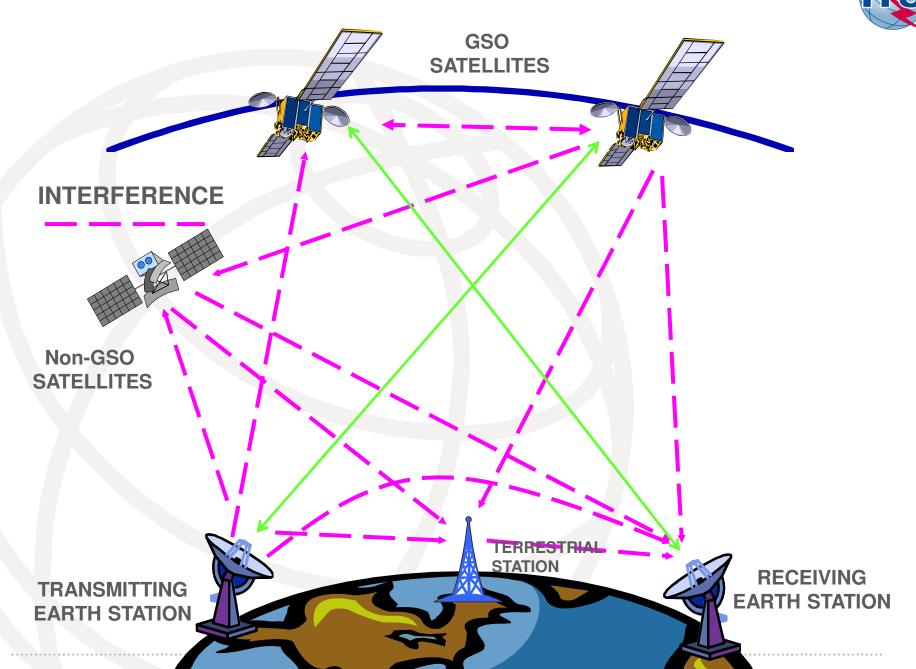
REGULATORY PROTECTION

e.g. No. 22.2: Non-GSO to protect GSO (FSS and BSS)

COORDINATION

between Administrations to ensure <u>interference-free</u> operation conditions









(CS 37) The Member States are bound to abide by the provisions of this Constitution...in all stations established or operated by them...which are capable of causing *harmful* interference

(CS 38) The Member States are also bound to take the necessary steps to impose the observance of the provisions of this Constitution...

Article 45 (Harmful Interferences)

Each **Member State is responsible** to ensure that the stations duly authorized by them (CS 198) **shall not cause harmful interference** to radio services of other member states (CS197)







Article 34 (Stoppage of communications)

Member States reserve the right to cut off, in accordance with their national law, any other private telecommunication which may appear dangerous to the security of the States or contrary to its laws, to public order or to decency *(CS 181)*

Article 48 (Installation for National Defence Services)

Member States retain their entire freedom with regard to military radio installations (CS 202)

Nevertheless, these installations must, so far as possible, observe ...provisions relatives...to the measure to be taken to prevent harmful interference (CS 203)



Article 15 - Interference

Infringement of the Constitution, Convention or Radio Regulations

- All stations are *forbidden* to carry out *unnecessary transmissions*, or the transmissions of *superfluous signals*, or the transmission of *false or misleading signals* or the transmission of *signals without identification*. (RR15.1)
- The station which is causing harmful interference shall immediatly eliminate this harmful interference
- •This assumes a legal link between the transmit station and the administration under the jurisdiction of which it is placed:
- •This is the purpose of the licence (Article 18 of the Radio Regulations)





Consequences:

- Difficulty to complete coordination
- Multiple filing submissions
- Operation without prior coordination
- Fait-accompli approar

• Fictitious recorded as International regulatory framework:



Spectrum /orbit resource scarcity

- Lengthy & complex procedures
- Lack of incentive to review underused spectrum/orbital position







Question

What mechanisms & practical strategies can be employed to ensure efficient use of the spectrum/orbit resource and improve the existing international satellite spectrum management systems?





9 kHz > proposals > 1000 GHz

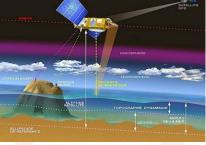
















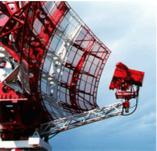












http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/go/WRC-12

Issues related to Space sustainability



- Satellite Regulations: Rights of access to the spectrum/orbit resources
- ✓ Article 15 of the RR: Interferences
- Safety Issues: Aeronautical, Maritime, space...



Satellite regulations



- ✓ clearer definition of the date of bringing into use of a satellite network (i.e., a technically capable satellite must occupy an orbital location for at least 90 days to be considered as "in use" or "back in use"),
- ✓ extension of the suspension period to 3 years (as it is considered to be a more realistic timeframe),
- ✓ enhancement of the satellite frequency coordination requirements by reducing the coordination arc in the most demanding frequency bands (C and Ku), and
- ✓ better control by the ITU of the spacecraft movements in the orbit.

WRC-12

Article 15 - Interference



Infringement of the Constitution, Convention or Radio Regulations

 WRC-12 reaffirmed that recent and repeated cases of intended harmful interference represent infringements and that Member States under the jurisdiction of which the signals causing this harmful interference are transmitted have the obligation to take the necessary actions

Section I – Interference from Radio Stations

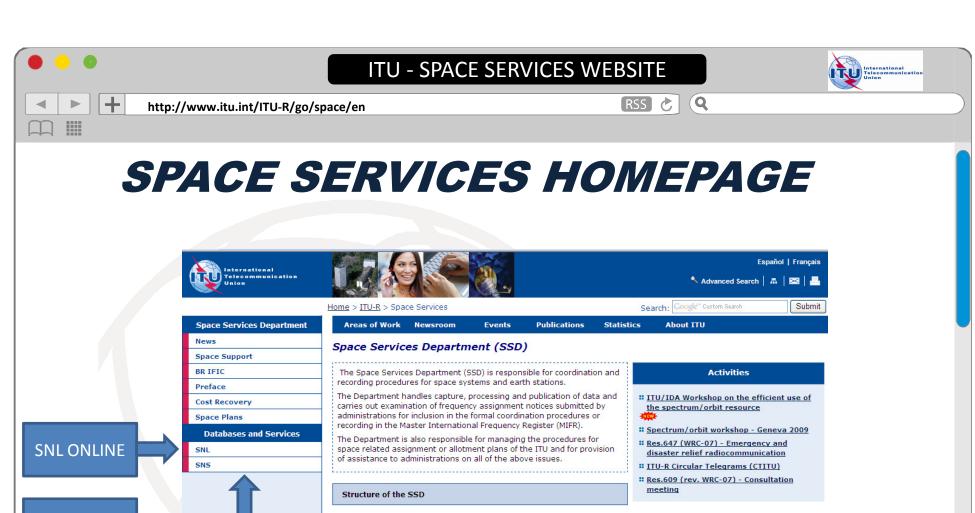
No. 15.1 § 1 All stations are forbidden to carry out unnecessary transmissions, or the transmission of superfluous signals, or the transmission of false or misleading signals, or the transmission of signals without identification (except as provided for in Article 19).

Section V – Reports of Infringements

WRC-12 MOD

No.15.21 §13 If an administration has information of an infringement of the <u>Constitution</u>, the Convention or the Radio Regulations (in particular Article 45 of the Constitution and No. 15.1 of the Radio Regulations) committed by a station over which it may exercise authority, under its jurisdiction, the administration shall ascertain the facts, fix the responsibility and take the necessary actions.

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SNS ONLINE

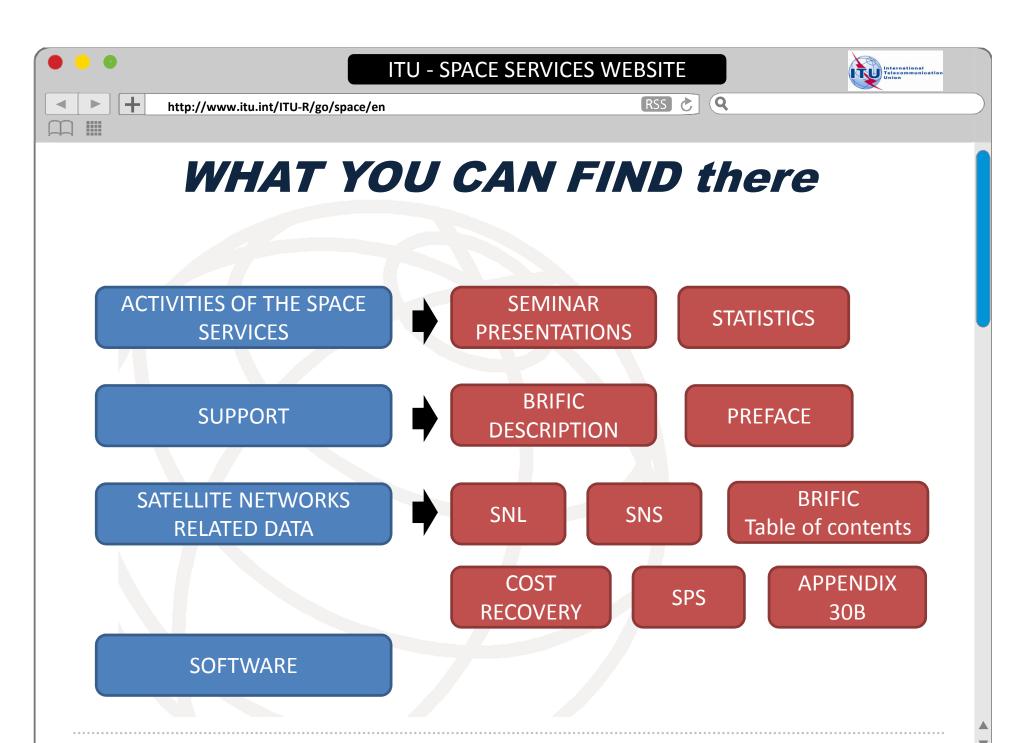
- Space Publication and Registration Division (SPR)
- Space Systems Coordination Division (SSC)
- Space Notification and Plans Division (SNP)

Statistics

Space Notices Treatment

Space database and tools

- # Space Software
- # BR Space seminar documents
- # Bringing into use of satellite networks
- # List of suspended satellite networks











- SNS online (<u>http://www.itu.int/sns/</u>)
 SNS data of the networks, subscription service
- SNL online (<u>http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/space/snl/</u>)
 - Use of the frequency spectrum and occupancy of the orbit (Part-A)
 - Special sections and Parts reference publications (Part B)
 - List of information « As received » (Part C)
 - List of networks suspended
 - Bringing into use of satellite networks
 - BSS service area exclusion
- IFIC database (IFICxxx.mdb) (<u>http://www.itu.int/sns/demowic.html</u>)
- Space Plans System (SPS) Database (<u>http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/go/space-plans-mifr/en</u>)
- 'WRC-07' FSS Plan; Appendix 30B (http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/qo/space-plans-ap30b/en)

RESOURCES (SOTWARE & OTHER)

- Space networks and related software http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/go/space-software/en
- Cost recovery (List of invoices issued / Free entitlements)
 http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/go/space-cost-recovery/en
- Latest version of seminar presentations and documents http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/go/space-presentation/en
- Circular telegrams ITU-R
 http://www.itu.int/md/R00-CTITU-CIR/en
- BR Circular letters http://www.itu.int/md/R00-CR-CIR/e
- Publications relating to change of notifying administration
 http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/go/space-publication-change-of-administration/en



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Merci

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