



Space Weather Prediction Research and Services for China Manned Space Mission

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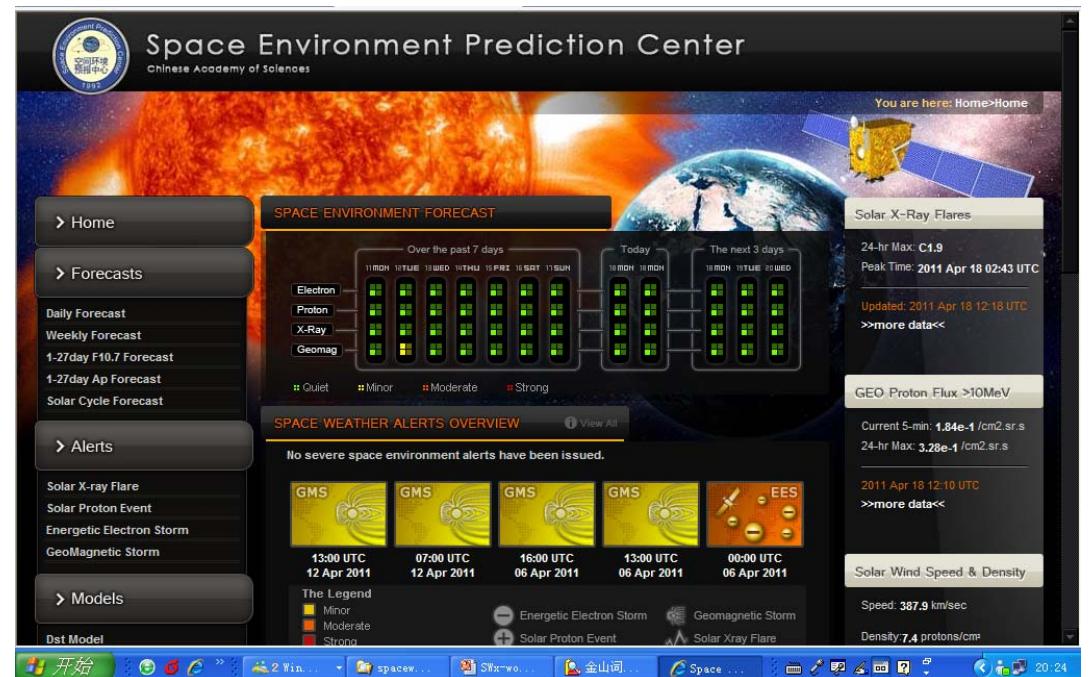
Outline

- I. General information of Space Environment Prediction Center (SEPC)**
- II. Services for China Manned space missions**
- III. Researches on Space Weather**

I. SEPC – Foundation

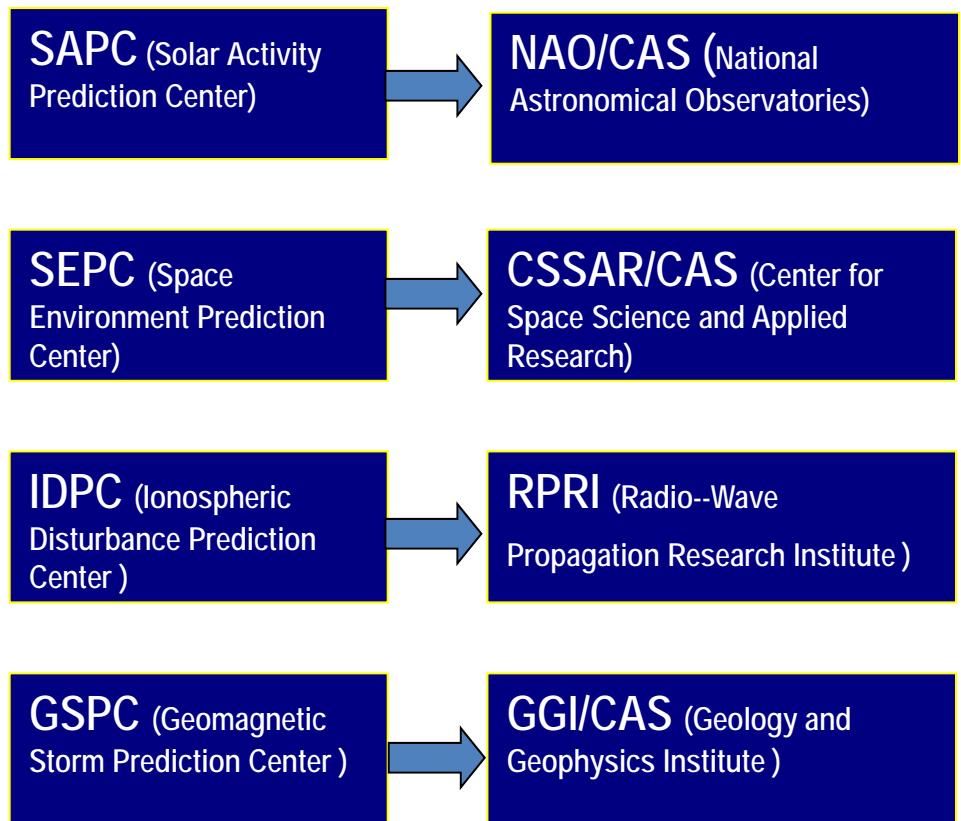
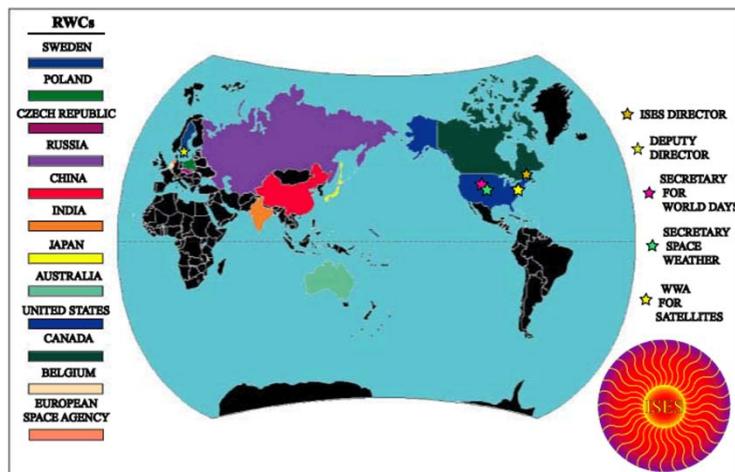
- To support China manned space missions, SEPC was established in 1993 in NSSC,CAS;
 - Set up its space environment operational system and forecasting team in 1998.
 - Started to issue space environment prediction all over the world in 1998 via internet.
- ❖ 7days/week, 365days/year

<http://www.sepc.ac.cn>



RWC-China

- SEPC is one of the four sub-centers of Regional Warning Center-China (RWC-China, ISES).**



I. SEPC – Organization

- SE forecast group
- SE forecast research group
- SE model research group
- SE effects research group
- SE operation system developing group
- Space debris group

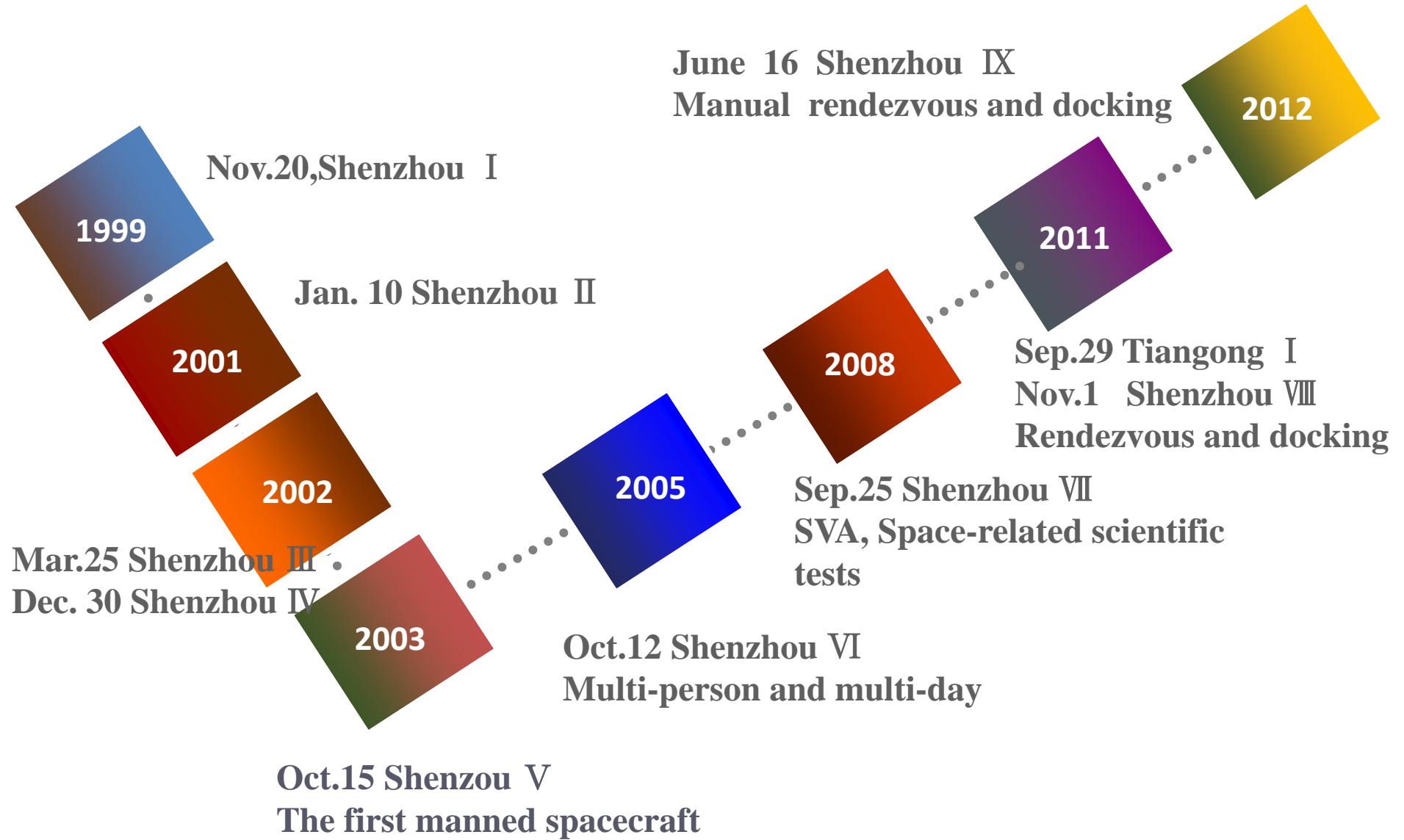


- 16 forecasters come from different groups

Outline

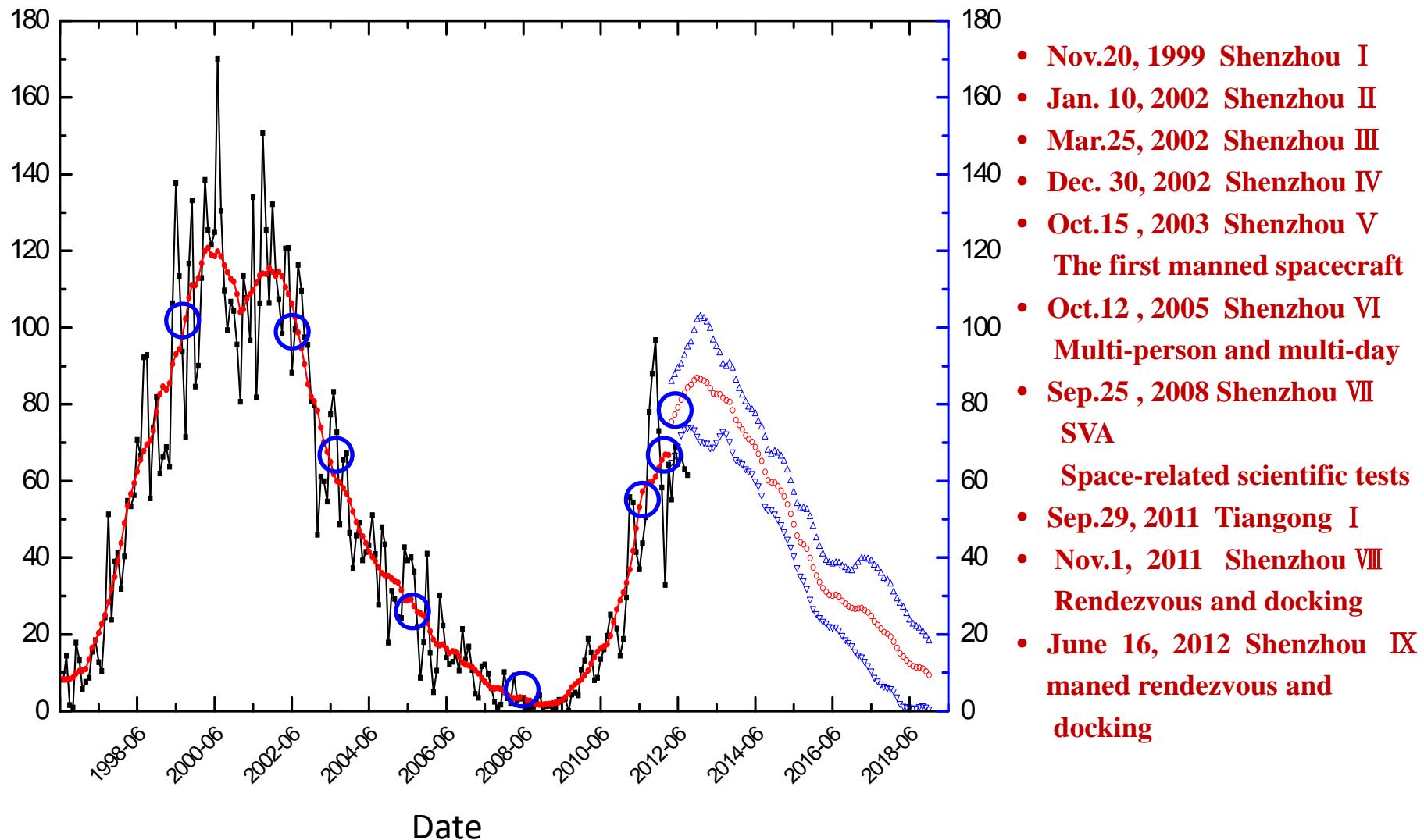
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China Manned Space Engineering

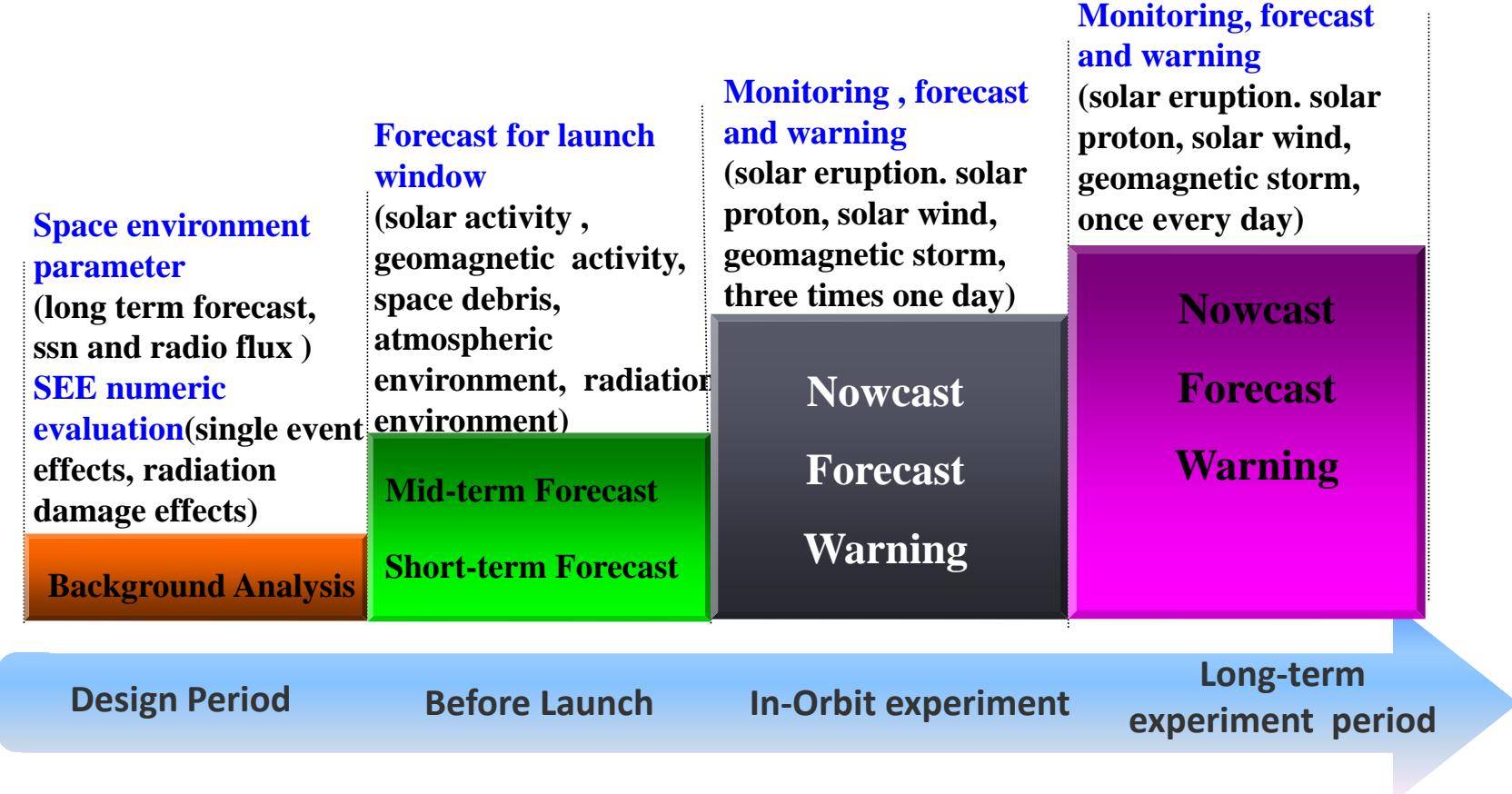


**As a subsystem of space application system in China manned space engineering,
SEPC has supplied space weather service in each step of China Manned Space Engineering**

Missions during Solar Cycles

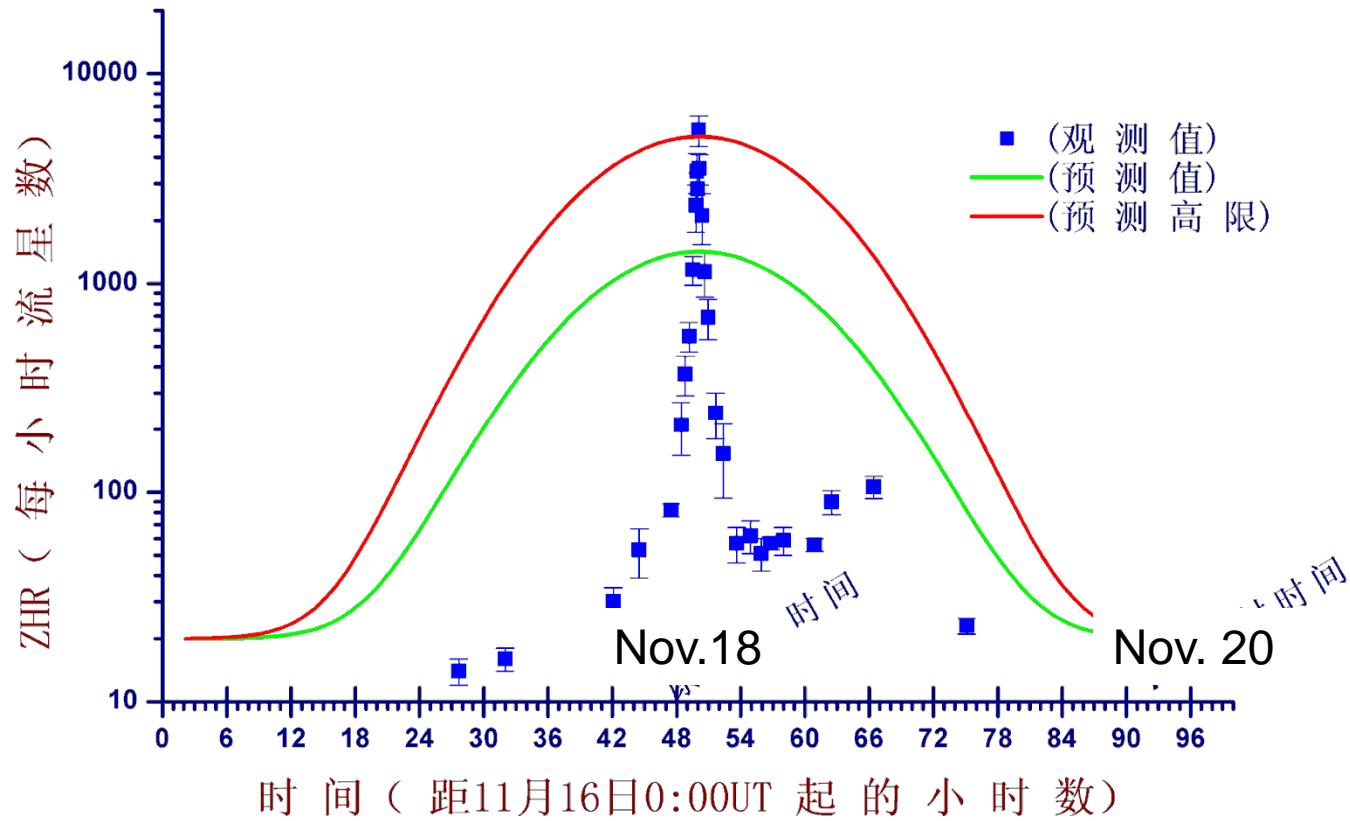


Service for China manned missions

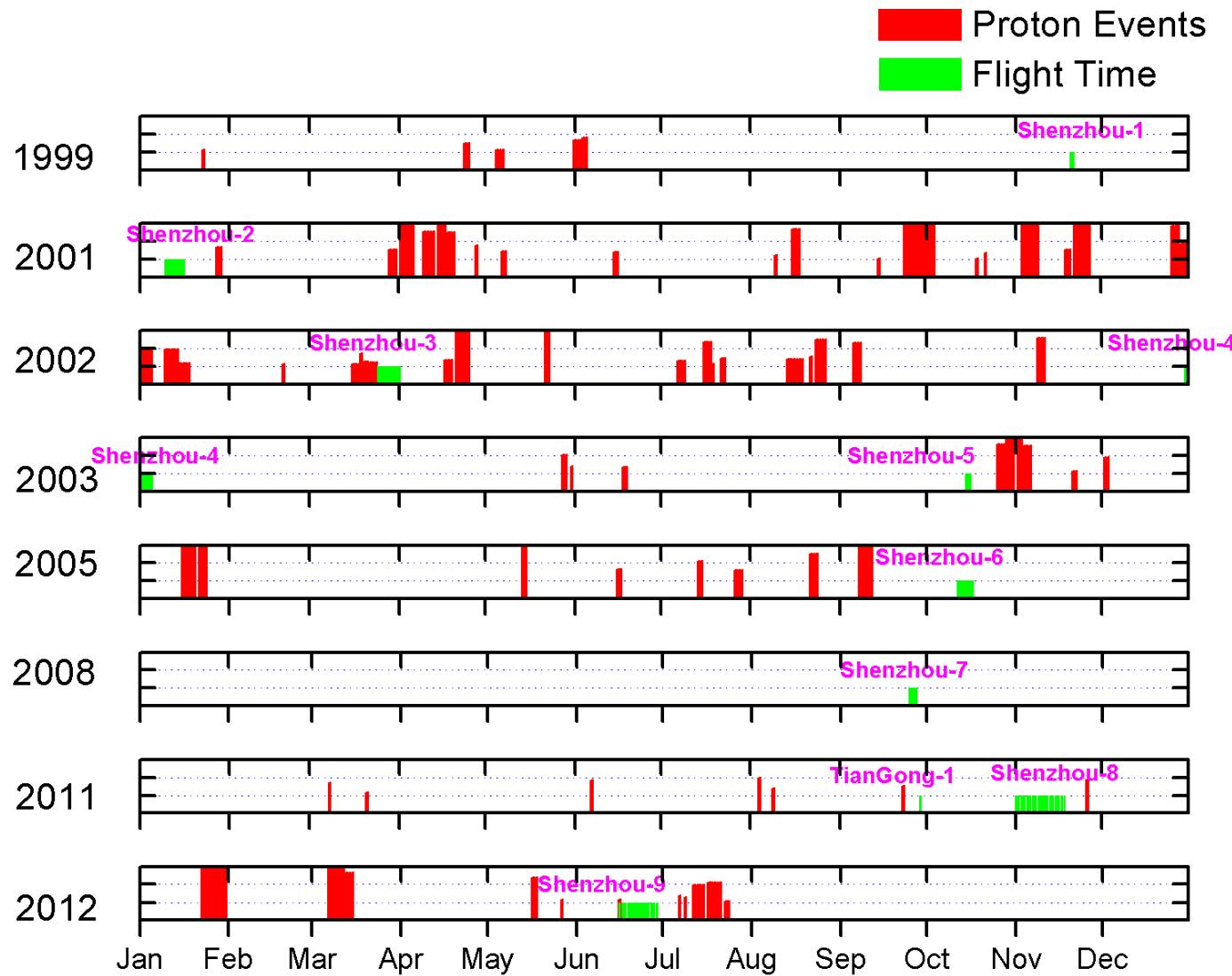


Process of Space Weather Forecast Service

Leonid Burst Prediction for Shenzhou-1

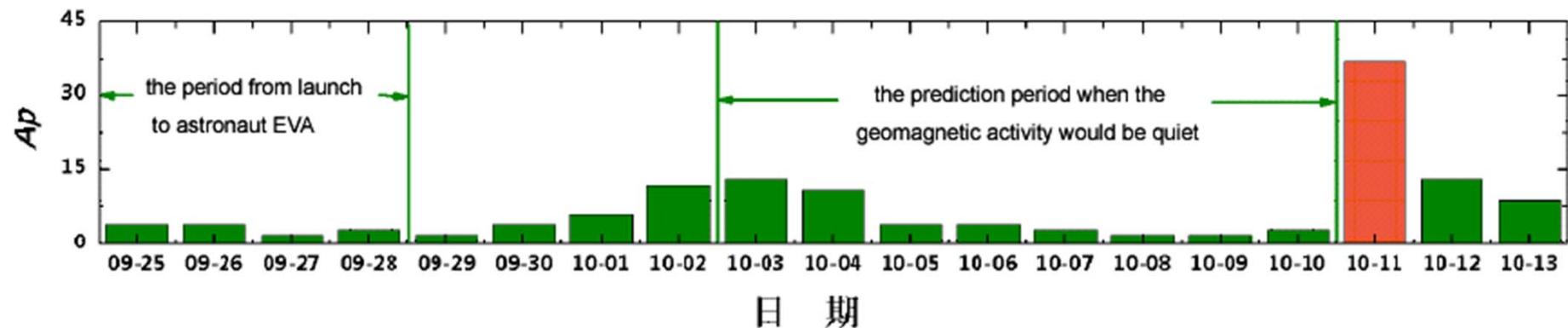


- In 1999, in order to avoid Leonid burst, Shenzhou-1 postponed its launch time from Nov.18 to Nov. 20 for 48 hours . This is the first time of changing launch plan due to space environment in China.
- According to the observation, Meteoroid flux had declined to the safe level at the launch time.



- Successfully avoided the severe space environment event—Solar Proton Event.

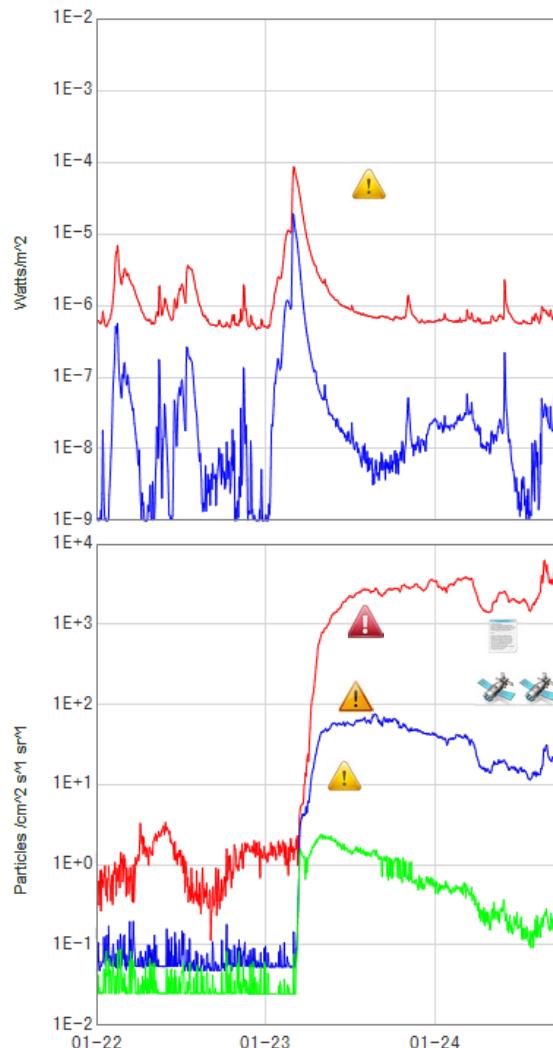
Geomagnetic field quiet period prediction for Shenzhou VII



The geomagnetic Ap index during SZ-7 launch, EVA and companion microsatellite experiment

2012 China dragon event

GOES Xray Flux & Proton Flux(5 Min data)



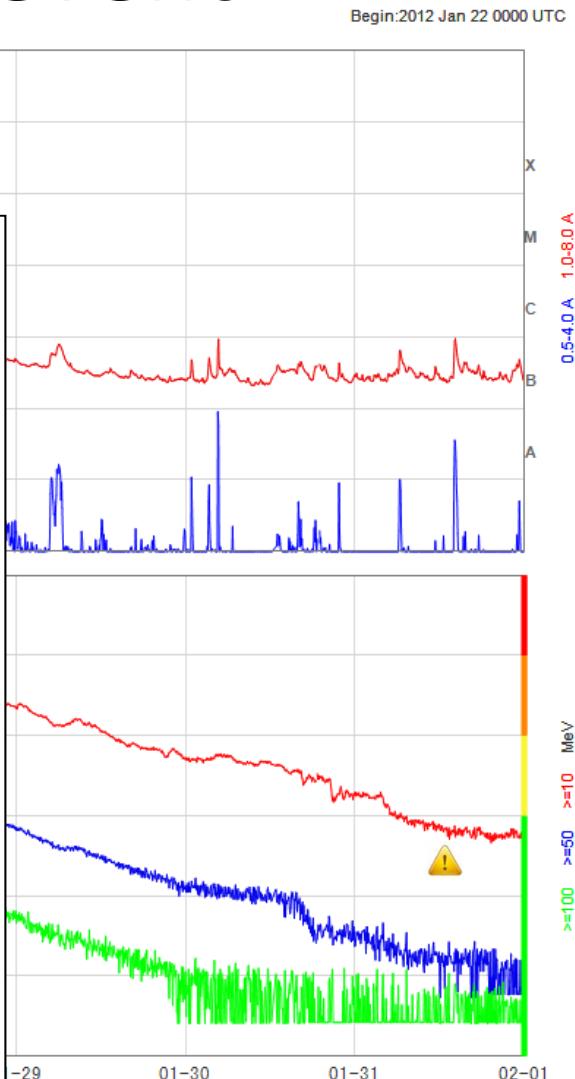
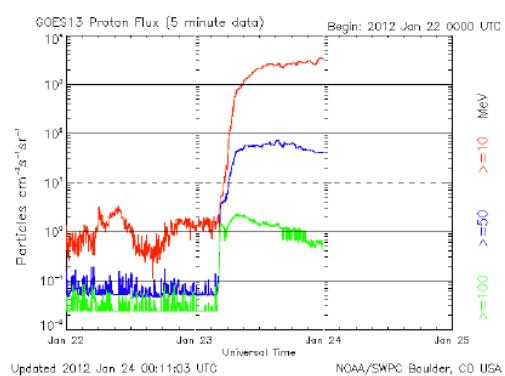
空间环境事件警报

发布时间: 2012年01月24日10时00分 (北京时)

事件名称: 太阳质子事件、地磁暴

警报内容:

北京时间1月23日11:59活动区AR1402(N28W36)产生了一个M8级耀斑。随后在13:30发生质子事件，并于16:55达到强质子事件水平，目前该质子事件的最大通量为3630pfu，预计还将持续1-2天。本次质子事件为2003年万圣节事件以来最强的一次，受其影响天宫一号轨道高能辐射环境水平增加，单粒子事件发生概率上升一个量级以上。



Message



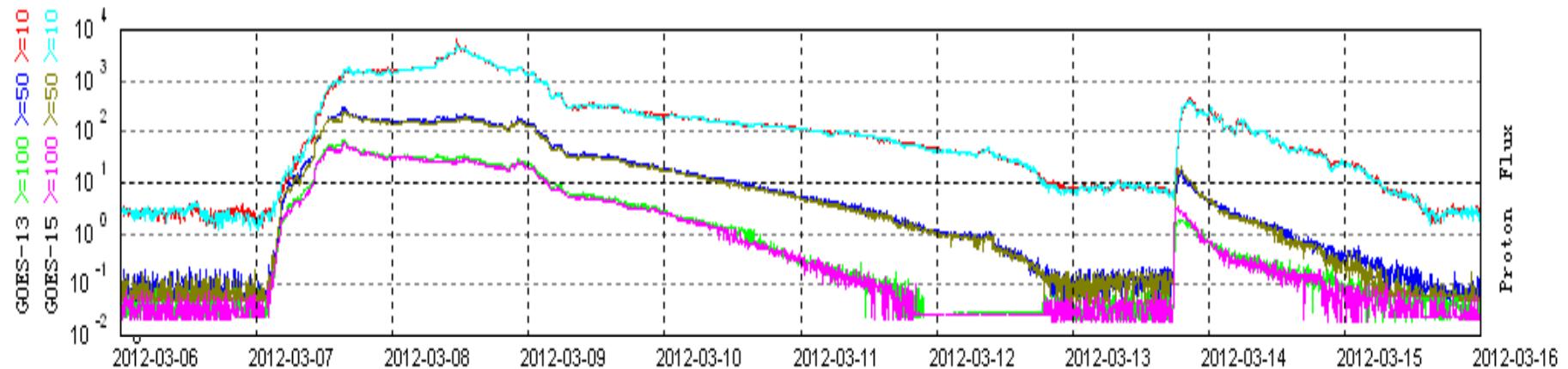
Alert report

中国科学院国家空间科学中心
空间科学与应用研究中心

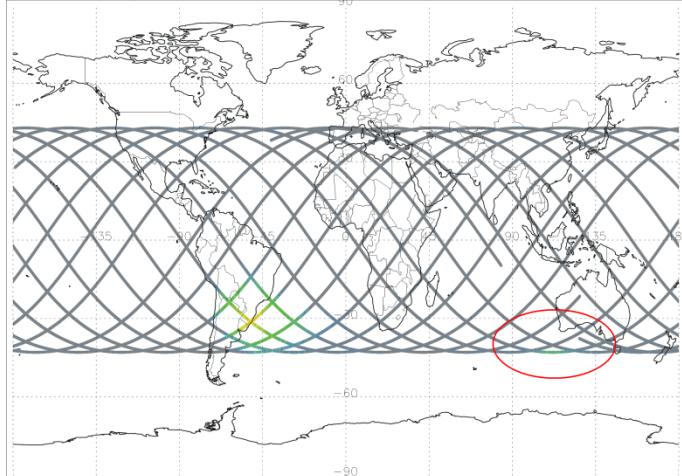
Space environment detectors on Tiangong I

- Energetic particle radiation detector
 - Proton
 - 2.5~5MeV
 - 5~10MeV
 - 10~18.5MeV
 - 18.5~40MeV
 - 40~80MeV
 - 80~150MeV
 - >150MeV
 - Electron
 - 0.2~0.4MeV
 - 0.4~0.5 MeV
 - 0.5~0.6MeV
 - 0.6~0.8MeV
 - 0.8~1.0MeV
 - 1.0~1.2MeV
 - 1.2~1.5MeV
 - >1.5MeV
- Orbital atmospheric environment detector
 - Density, composition

Solar proton event on March 7, 2012

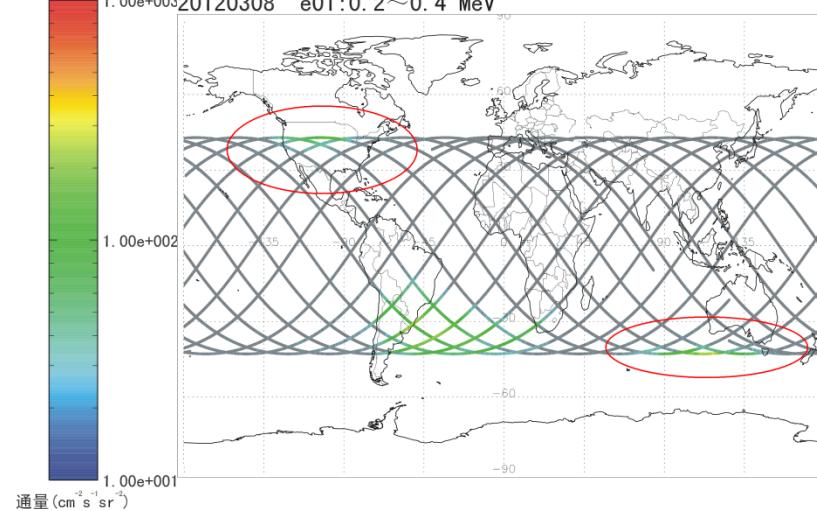


20120308 p01: 1.5~2.5 MeV



proton

20120308 e01: 0.2~0.4 MeV

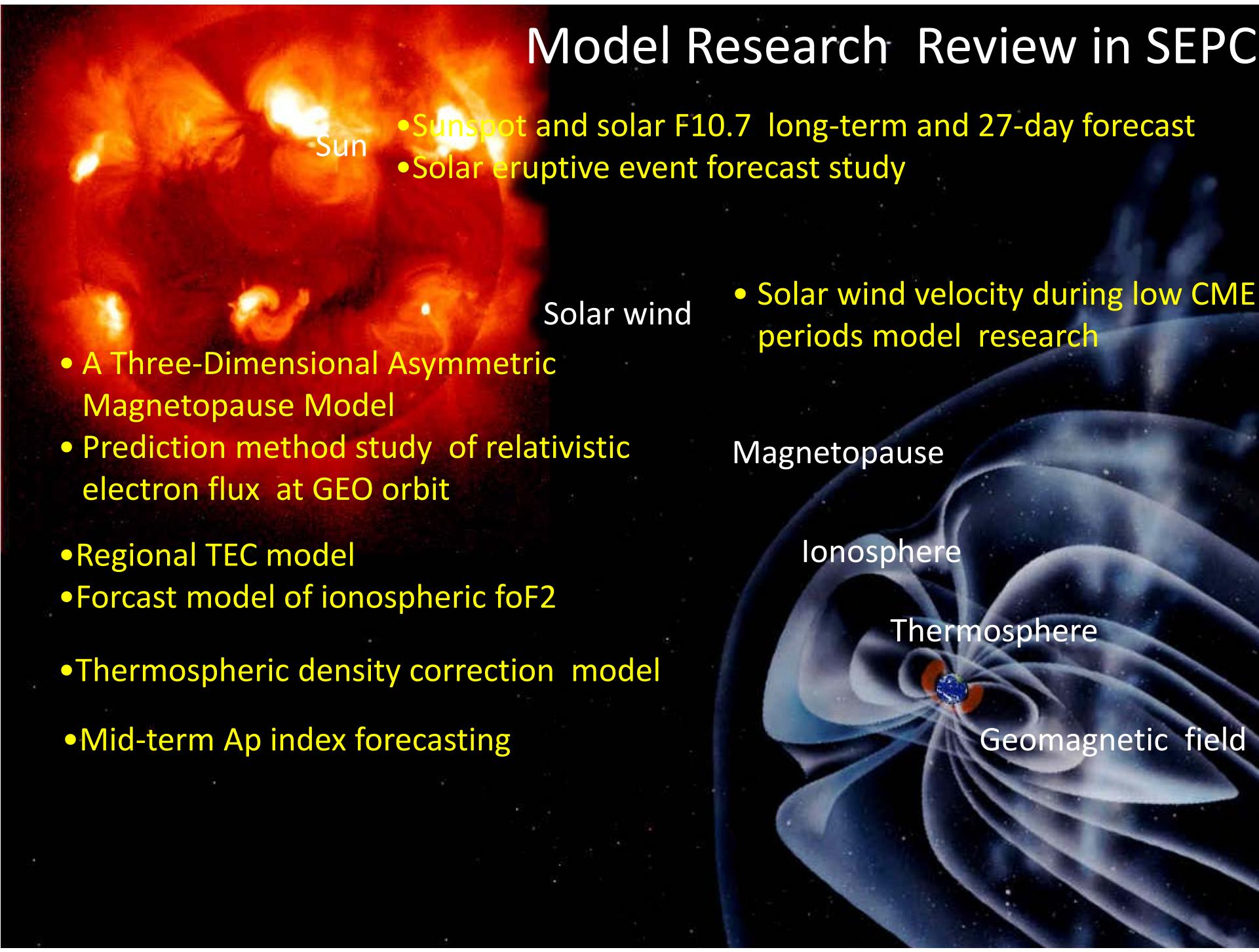


electron

Outline

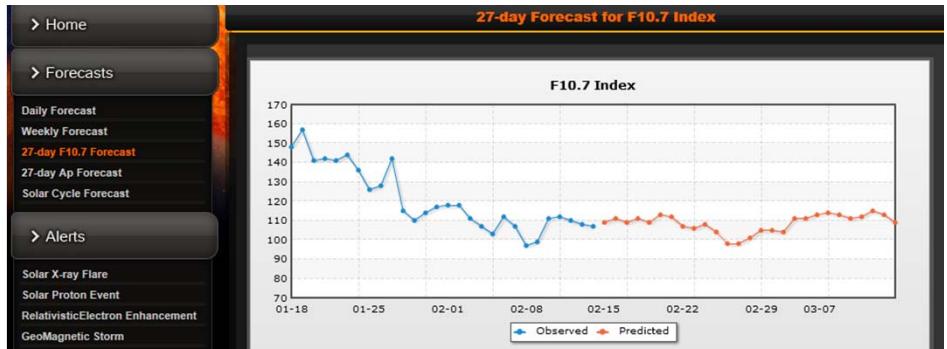
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Model Research Review in SEPC

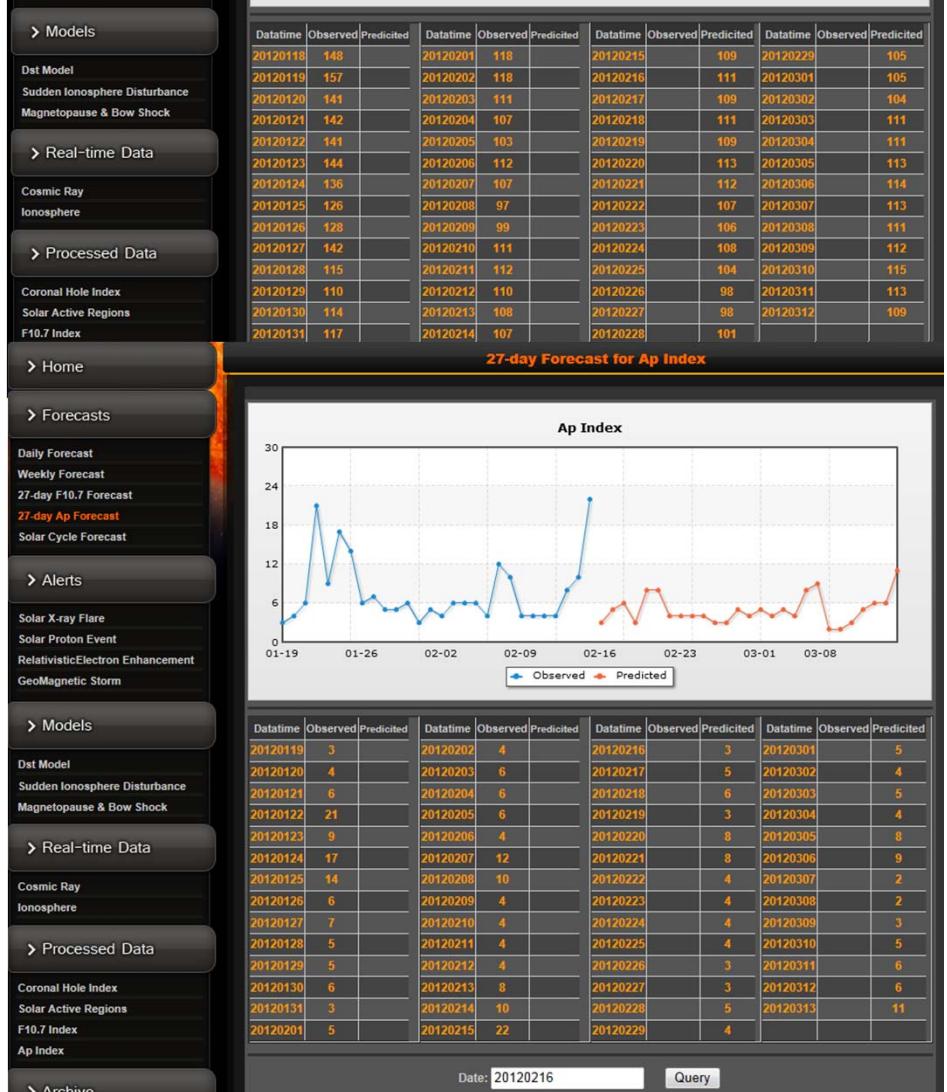
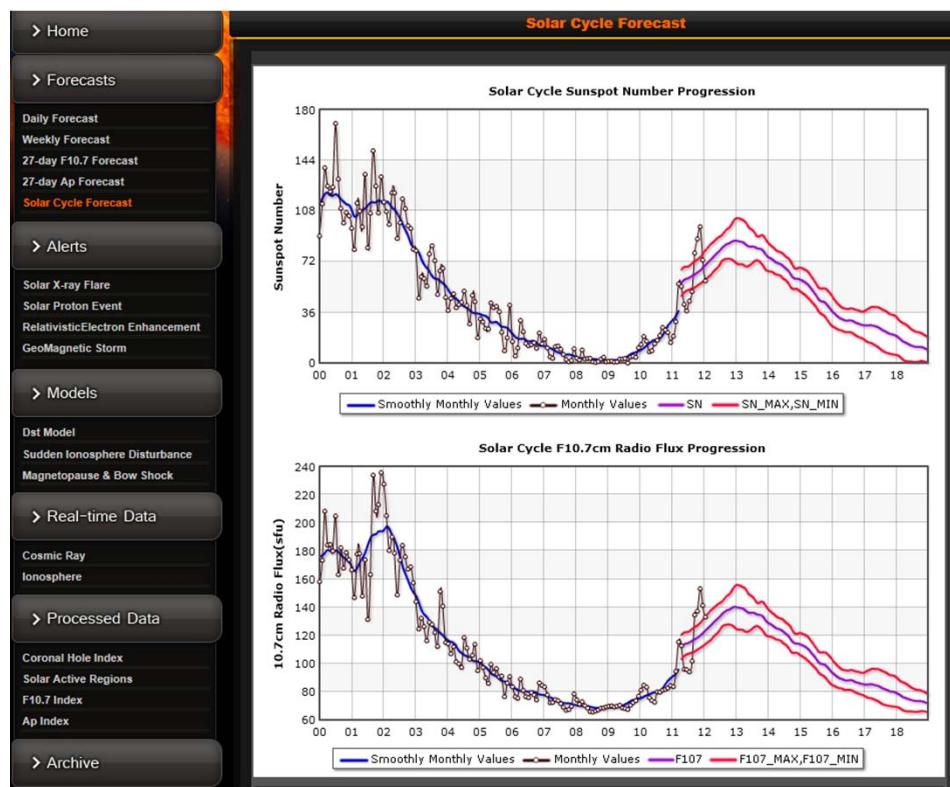
- 
- Sunspot and solar F10.7 long-term and 27-day forecast
 - Solar eruptive event forecast study
 - A Three-Dimensional Asymmetric Magnetopause Model
 - Prediction method study of relativistic electron flux at GEO orbit
 - Regional TEC model
 - Forecast model of ionospheric foF2
 - Thermospheric density correction model
 - Mid-term Ap index forecasting

- Solar wind velocity during low CME periods model research

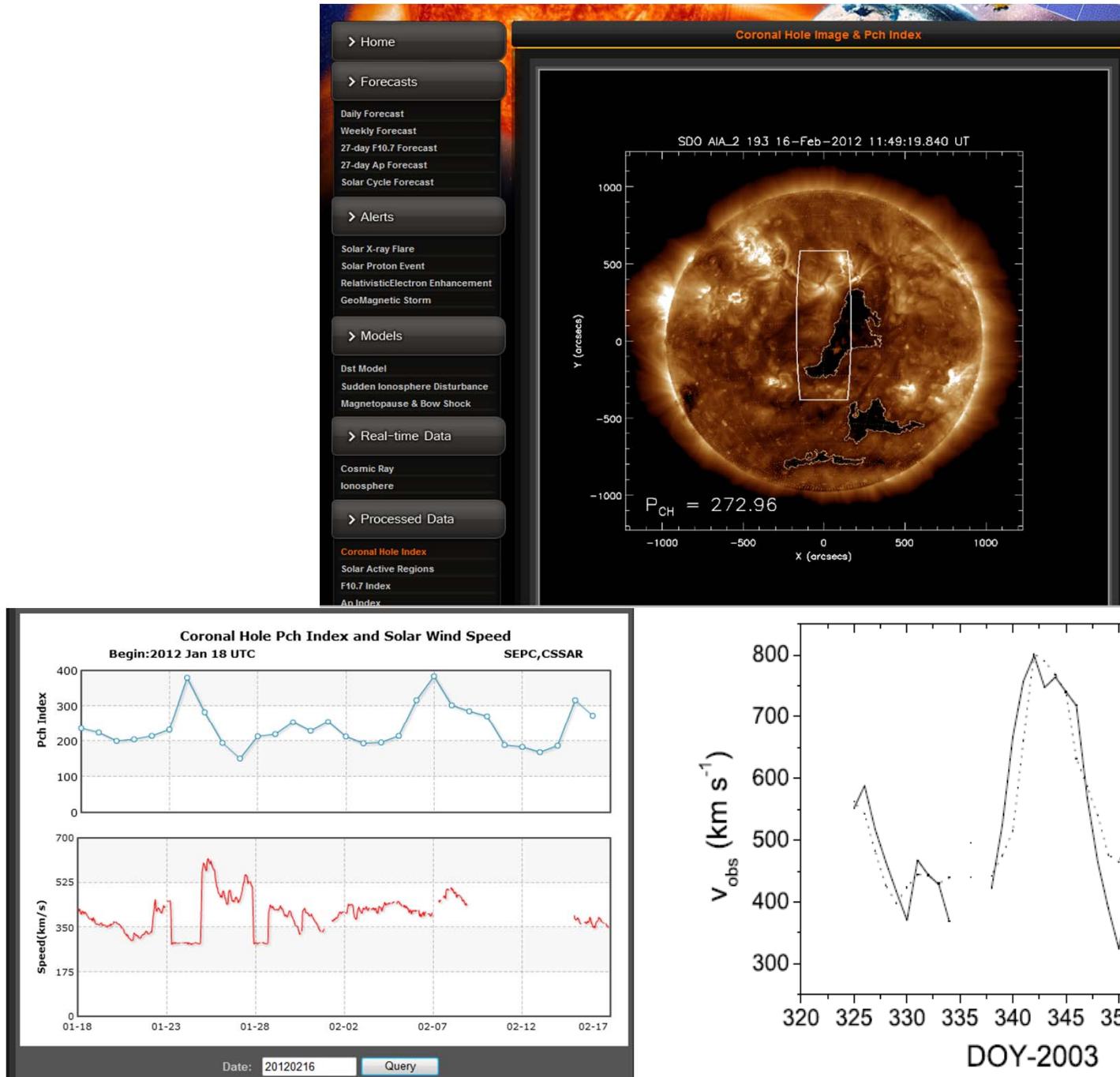
• Mid-term Forecast



• Solar Cycle Forecast



Pch index and solar wind speed forecast

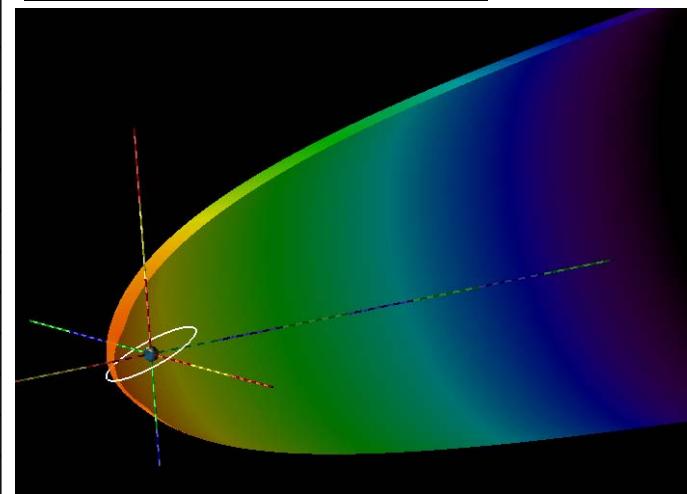


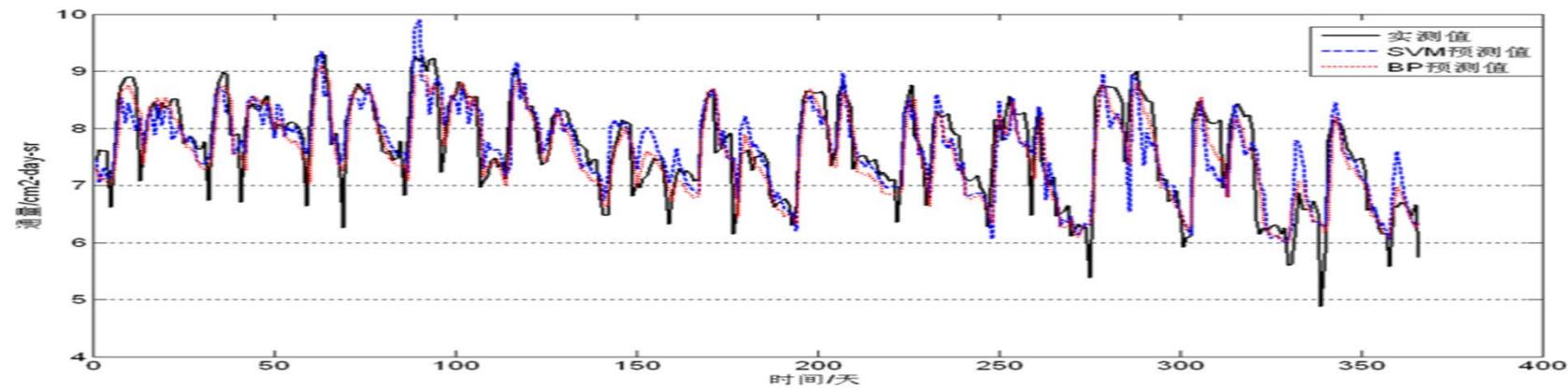
Three Dimensional Asymmetric Magnetopause Empirical Model (Lin et al. 2010, JGR)

- ◆ In comparison with previous magnetopause empirical models, this model reduces the standard deviation of prediction greatly.
- ◆ Parameterized by solar wind dynamic and magnetic pressures, IMF Bz, and the dipole tilt angle. It's appropriate for the near-Earth magnetopause prediction under both normal and extreme solar wind conditions.
- ◆ Can describe the 3D magnetopause, including the asymmetries and the indentations near the cusps.

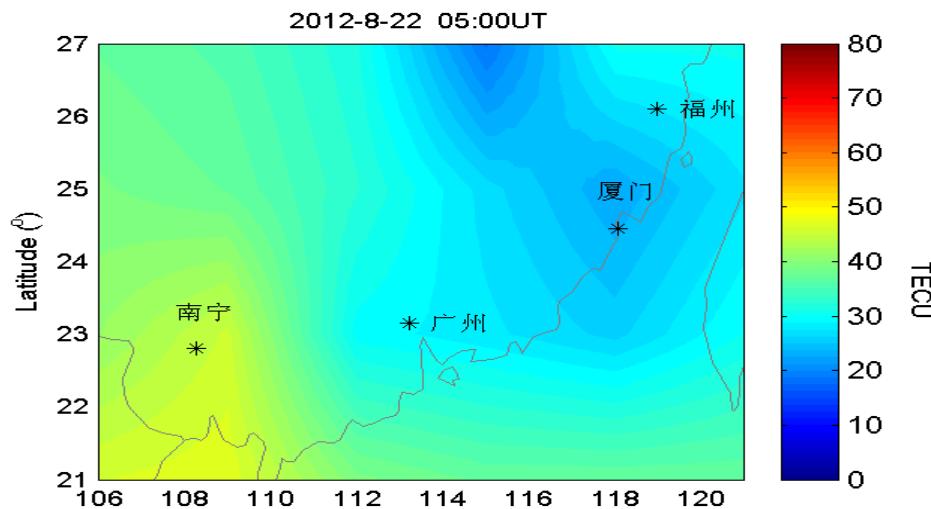
Model	Region		θ		Z		All	
			$\theta \leq 30^\circ$	$30^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$	$\theta \geq 90^\circ$	$ Z \leq 3R_E$		
			309	680	237	530	696	1226
Roelof and Sibeck [1993]			1.298	1.351	2.822	1.489	1.886	1.725
Petrinec and Russell [1996]			0.788	1.210	1.371	0.792	1.367	1.154
Shue et al. [1997]			0.863	1.219	1.397	0.822	1.390	1.178
Shue et al. [1998]			0.829	1.236	1.407	0.795	1.411	1.185
Kuznetsov and Suvorova [1998]			0.663	1.150	2.048	0.947	1.494	1.287
Kawano et al. [1999]			1.093	1.237	1.510	1.029	1.413	1.261
Kalegaev and Lyutov [2000]			1.477	1.601	3.208	1.698	2.187	1.990
Chao et al. [2002]			0.789	1.242	1.375	0.783	1.400	1.174
New model			0.582	0.727	1.054	0.642	0.855	0.770
$\delta\sigma(d)\%$			12.0%	36.8%	23.1%	18.0%	37.5%	33.3%

Extreme Solar Wind Condition





GEO relativistic electron flux forecast model



regional TEC



Dst index forecast medel

<http://eng. sepc. ac. cn>

 Space Environment Prediction Center
Chinese Academy of Sciences

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SPACE ENVIRONMENT FORECAST

Over the past 7 days: 11MON 12TUE 13WED 14THU 15FRI 16SAT 17SUN

Today: 18MON 19TUE 20WED

The next 3 days: 18MON 19TUE 20WED

Solar X-Ray Flares

24-hr Max: C1.9
Peak Time: 2011 Apr 18 02:43 UTC

Updated: 2011 Apr 18 12:18 UTC
[>>more data<<](#)

GEO Proton Flux >10MeV

Current 5-min: 1.84e-1 /cm².sr.s
24-hr Max: 3.28e-1 /cm².sr.s

2011 Apr 18 12:10 UTC
[>>more data<<](#)

SPACE WEATHER ALERTS OVERVIEW

No severe space environment alerts have been issued.

GMS 13:00 UTC 12 Apr 2011 **GMS** 07:00 UTC 12 Apr 2011 **GMS** 16:00 UTC 06 Apr 2011 **GMS** 13:00 UTC 06 Apr 2011 **EES** 00:00 UTC 06 Apr 2011

The Legend

- Minor (Yellow)
- Moderate (Orange)
- Strong (Red)

 Energetic Electron Storm  Geomagnetic Storm
 Solar Proton Event  Solar X-ray Flare

Solar Wind Speed & Density

Speed: 387.9 km/sec
Density 7.4 protons/cm³

开始 Win... spacew... SWx-w... 金山词... Space ... 20:24

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Weekly Forecast

27-day F10.7 Forecast

27-day Ap Forecast

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Relativistic Electron Enhancement

GeoMagnetic Storm

> Models

Dst Model

Sudden Ionosphere Disturbance

Magnetopause & Bow Shock

> Real-time Data

Cosmic Ray

Ionosphere

> Processed Data

EVENT ALERTS

Space environment alerts are issued for four categories: Relativistic Electron Enhancement(REE)、Geomagnetic storm(GMS)、Solar proton event(SPE) and Solar x-ray flare(SXR). There are 3 types of Space Weather Alert Messages: alert、continuation alert and summary. Alert messages are issued when an event threshold is crossed and contain information that is available at the time of issue. Continuation alert messages are issued when an event is proceeding in next day. Summary messages are issued after the event ends, and contain additional information available at the time of issue. There are three-level alerts according to the eruption. The yellow color means minor storm, orange color means moderate storm and red color means strong storm. If the color is green, it means quiet condition. From the web we can see Space environment alerts 27-day-cycle review and search history alerts.

CR2117



CR2118



CR2119



The Ionosphere GPS Observation Network

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Sudden Ionosphere Disturbance

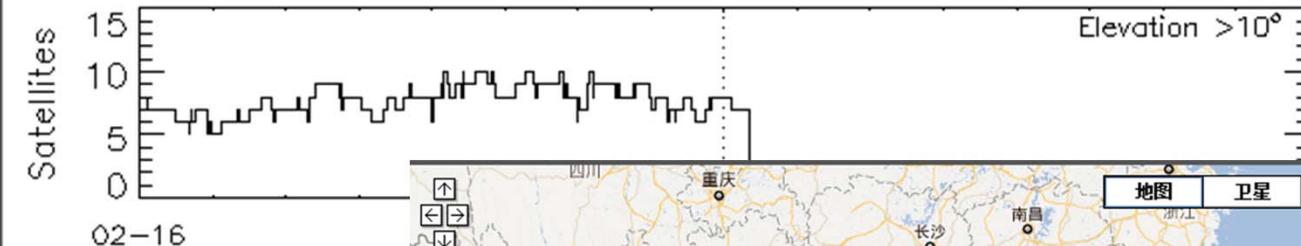
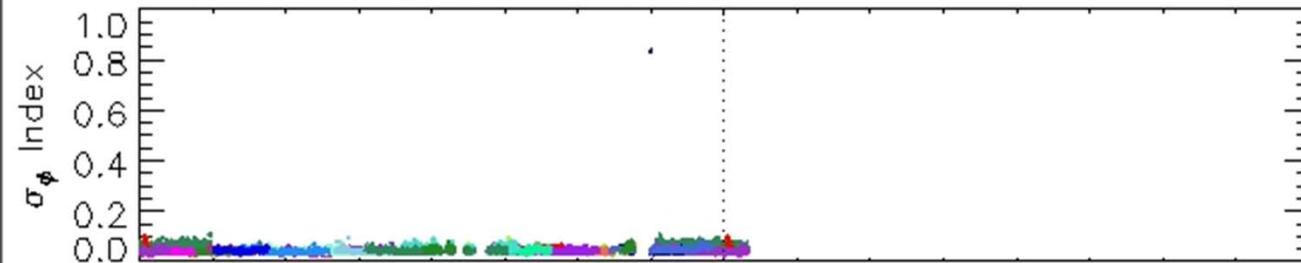
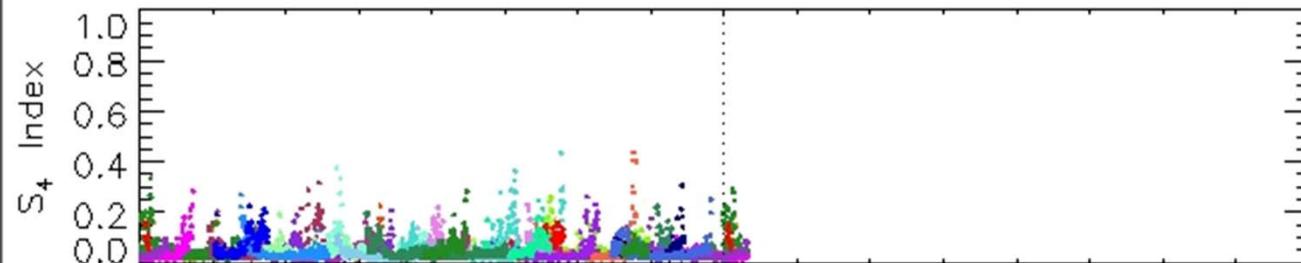
Magnetopause & Bow Shock

> Real-time Data

Cosmic Ray

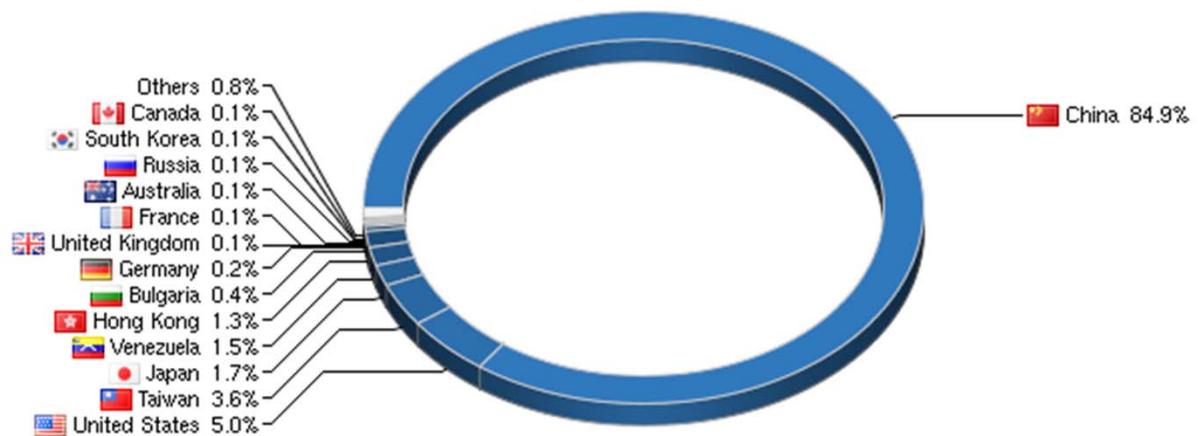
Ionosphere

Xiamen Scintillation Monitoring



Real-time Data

57 different countries have visited this site. 92 flags collected. [View details »](#)



[Create a FREE Flag Counter! »](#)

New Unique Visitors

Yesterday: 69

30 day average: 57

Record: 230 on September 10, 2011

[View history »](#)

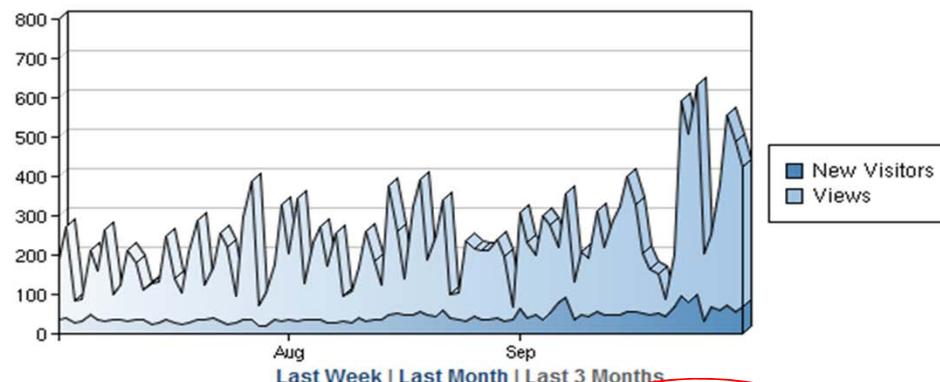
Flag Counter Views

Yesterday: 424

30 day average: 295

Record: 1,007 on June 25, 2012

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This counter has been viewed 99,928 times by 21,232 unique users!

Page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 >

Date	New Visitors	Flag Counter Views
Today (in progress)	34*	240*
October 16, 2012	69	424
October 15, 2012	58	488
October 14, 2012	73	556
October 13, 2012	62	382
October 12, 2012	67	252
October 11, 2012	34	203
October 10, 2012	99	631

Thanks for your attention!

