An Update on the Progress of the Hague Space Resources Governance Working Group

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Secure World Foundation is a private operating foundation that promotes cooperative solutions for space sustainability.

Why space sustainability? Increasing reliance on space assets coupled with potentially destabilizing trends.

Our mission: SWF works with governments, industry, international organizations and civil society to develop and promote ideas and actions for international collaboration that achieve the secure, sustainable, and peaceful uses of outer space for the socioeconomic and environmental benefits to Earth.
The Hague Space Resources Governance Working Group

- The Hague Space Resources Governance Working Group aims to build consensus on regulatory “concepts needed to enable, support and co-ordinate the use of space resources and be acceptable for space-faring nations and other interested states”
- Industry, government, and civil society participation from across the globe
- Two-year working period beginning in October 2015
- Outcome will be identification, formulation, and recommendation, of “building blocks” for the governance of space resource activities
- Secure World Foundation is a sponsor of the Group
**Working Group**

**Management**
- Chair, Vice Chairs, Members, Observers
- Secretariat (Executive Secretary & Assistant Secretary) embedded in the International Institute of Air and Space Law, Leiden

**Members**
- Stakeholders from government, industry, IGO, universities, research centres
- They form the operative body of the group
- Limited to ± 20-25 members, covering the globe
- Currently 22 members (from Australia, Brazil, China, France, Italy, India, Indonesia, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, The Netherlands, Nigeria, South Africa, Switzerland, UAE, UK, USA)

**Observers**
- Professionals & academics directly involved in space resources issues, UNOOSA
- Number not limited, currently 38 (additional nationalities: Austria, Belgium, Canada, Germany, Italy, Russia, Serbia)

Window for Action

- Business plans and economic returns will be affected by policy and legal regimes relating to the commercialization of off-Earth resources.
- Both governments and private enterprise are facing a condition of uncertainty – risk – in defining space resources activities.
- There is interest in working jointly to reduce that uncertainty to define market conditions and respect international obligations.
- Coordination of national and international law will help states establish the conditions under which socio-economic benefit could result from space resources development.
- **Both national and international bodies are actively considering policy and legal approaches to space resources**
UN Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space
Legal Subcommittee

- April 2017 and April 2018 sessions include an agenda item for the discussion ("exchange of views") of space resources

“The view was expressed that any legal framework considered in connection with the agenda item “General exchange of views on potential legal models for activities in exploration, exploitation and utilization of space resources” must include three essential points:

1) that all States be able to benefit from the exploitation of space resources and that exploitation should not be reserved for a monopoly;

2) that the exploitation of resources must be rational and sustainable;

3) and that private and public investors should be protected by guarantees of legal certainty.”

UN COPUOUS DOC: A/AC.105/C.2/L.301/Add.5

- International law provides a framework under which all space activities are conducted but does not currently address space resources with any specificity
Key Themes From COPOUS
April 2017 LSC Session

- Wide range of countries made including statements: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Cuba, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Morocco, the Netherlands, the Russian Federation and the United States

- For summary of discussions see (at page 3-6):
  http://www.unoosa.org/res/oosadoc/data/documents/2017/aac_105c_2l/aac_105c_2l_301add_1_0_html/AC105_C2_L301Add01E.pdf

Balancing Multilateral & Domestic Legal Approaches
Developing Countries & Benefits from Space Resources
Timing of Legal Regime Relative to Knowledge of Industry
Meanings of Exploration, Exploitation & Use
Impact on Space Environment
Meaning of “Appropriation”
Safety of Space Resources Activities
Promoting Cooperative Solutions for Space Sustainability

8th joint meeting of The Space Resources Roundtable (SRR) and the Planetary & Terrestrial Mining Sciences Symposium (PTMSS)
Montreal, QC Canada  May 1, 2017

Policy Discussions – National Level

Luxembourg to Launch a Fund Offering Financial Support for the Space Resources Industry

Luxembourg, April 13, 2017 – To promote Luxembourg as a European hub for the exploration and commercial use of space resources, the Ministry of the Economy conducted from April 9th to April 13th an economic mission headed by Luxembourg’s Crown Prince to the U.S. West Coast. The mission aimed to identify and develop new business opportunities and to promote the governmental SpaceResources.lu initiative that offers an attractive overall framework for space resource utilization related activities, including but not limited to the legal regime to provide private companies and investors with a secure legal environment as of the ownership of resources gathered in space.

The four-day program included events presenting the Grand Duchy as a location for potential investors, as well as visits to U.S. companies (Planetary Resources, SSL) and scientific institutes (NASA Frontier Development Lab/SETI Institute) to learn about the latest trends and developments in the space industry. On April 12th, the Luxembourg delegation visited the NASA Ames Research Center at Moffett Field, one of ten NASA field centers and located in the heart of California’s Silicon Valley. The companies Skycorp, Deep Space Industries, Audacy, and Made In Space presented their activities to the Luxembourg delegation that included high-level representatives from the national space sector.

MOON VILLAGE

A vision for global cooperation and Space 4.0

Jan Woerner, ESA Director General

Trump’s Transition Team Asked NASA About Surveying the Moon for Valuable Resources

Cruz interested in updating Outer Space Treaty to support commercial space activities

by Jeff Foust — April 26, 2017

8th joint meeting of The Space Resources Roundtable (SRR) and the Planetary & Terrestrial Mining Sciences Symposium (PTMSS)
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Building Blocks (1 of 3)

- Has identified 18 topical “building blocks”
- Which might form the basic topics for any domestic and/or international legal instrument pertaining to the space resources
- Focuses on enabling factors
- Work is ongoing on elucidating detail of each building block
1. Objective of international legal framework
2. Definition of key terms
3. Scope of international legal framework
4. Principles of international legal framework
5. Exercise of jurisdiction over space resource activities
6. Access to space resources
7. Utilization of space resources
8. Safety of space resource activities
9. Prevention and abatement of harmful impacts of outer space activities
10. Sharing of benefits arising out of the utilization of space resources

11. Exchange of information under international legal framework

12. Provision of assistance in case of distress

13. Liability in case of damage

14. Monitoring and inspection of space resource activities

15. Compliance with and enforcement of international legal framework

16. Institutional arrangements of international legal framework

17. Settlement of disputes

18. Final clauses of international legal framework
Conclusion: Key Policy/Legal Issues Moving Forward

- Identification and/of description of **global benefits** from space resources development
- **Resource access rights** – balancing “non-appropriation” vs. “freedom of exploration and use”
  - Property rights?
  - International claim and registration system?
  - Priority claims?
  - Historic/heritage sites / sites of scientific interest?
- **Non-interference** provisions
- **Coordination** of various national laws/regulations/policies

**General need for increased communication and dialogue between space resources development community & the international policy/legal community. The Working Group provides one such pathway**
Thank You

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